Aquaculture's Role In Nixing the 6, and Eating More Omega-3's



FOMENTO AL CONSUMO **DE PRODUCTOS PESQUEROS** Y ACUÍCOLAS MEXICANOS

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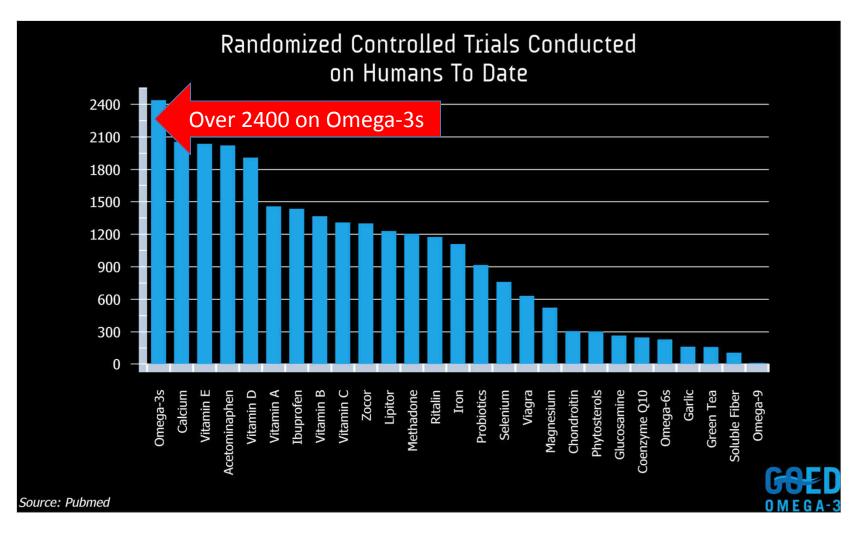
SECRETARÍA DE AGRICULTURA GANADERÍA, DESARROLLO RURAL PESCA Y ALIMENTACIÓN







EPA & DHA most clinically studied ingredient in history









The First 1000 Days of Life

- Encourage omega-3 intake in women of child bearing ages, their breast milk and young children.
- Important public health focus
- Maternal and child health is supported through ample omega-3 intake
- Results in reduced risk of chronic diseases
- Lowers medical costs
- It's the right thing to do!

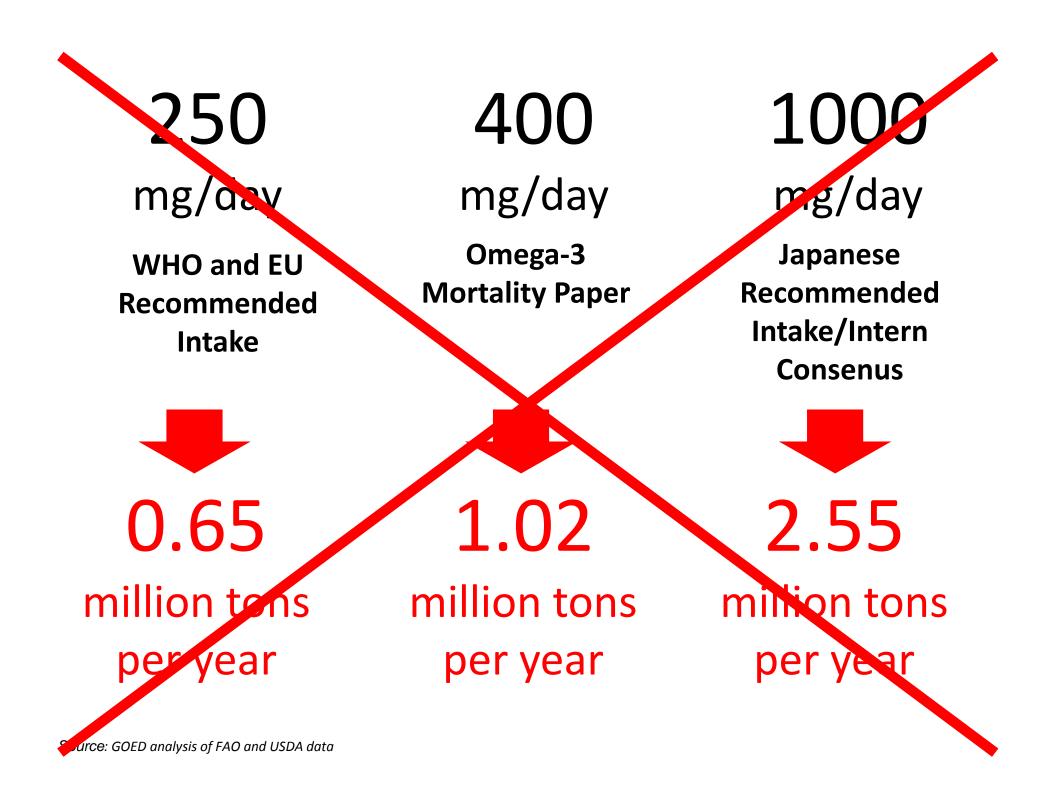
Global Summit on Nutrition, Health and Human Behavior, 2012

Brain and heart disorders resulting from Long Chain Omega-3 deficiency are the biggest challenges to the future of humanity

Associated costs are currently bankrupting health care systems and threatening wider economic instability worldwide.
Tissue concentrations of LC-Omega-3 (relative to omega-6) are the key variable for health – not dietary intakes.

Increase Tissue Long Chain Omega-3 to 50%+ would protect 98%
 of population (most westernized people are <20%)

- Recommend 1000 mg EPA/DHA intake per day

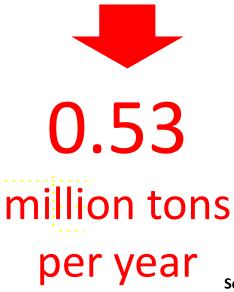


250 mg/day

WHO and EU Recommended Intake The oceans do not provide enough EPA and DHA today and there are already fears about overfishing in many species.

> The Oceans' Capacity

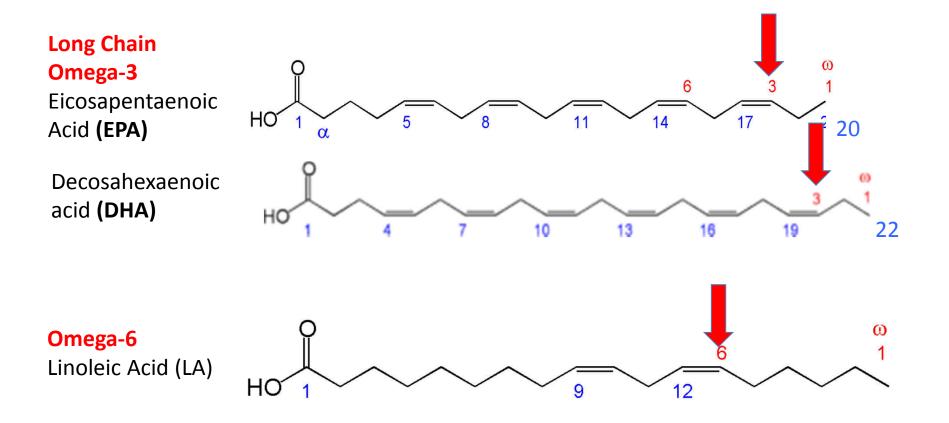
0.65 million tons per year

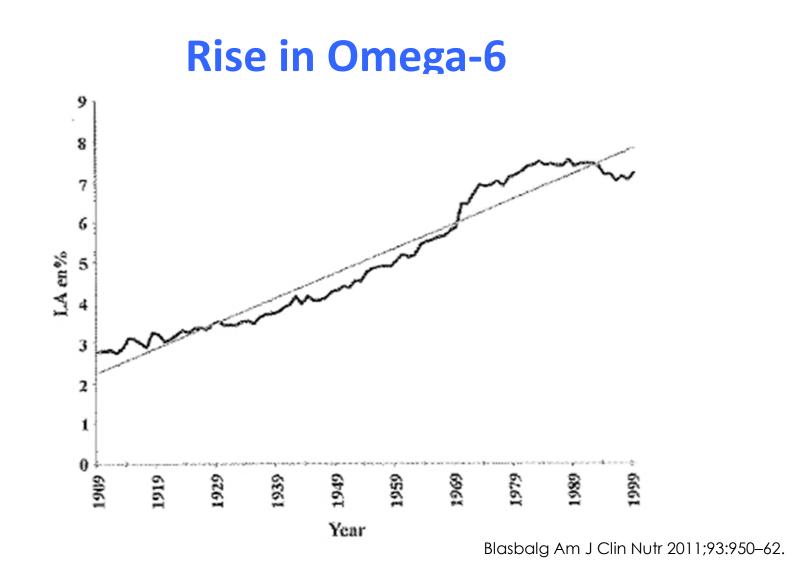


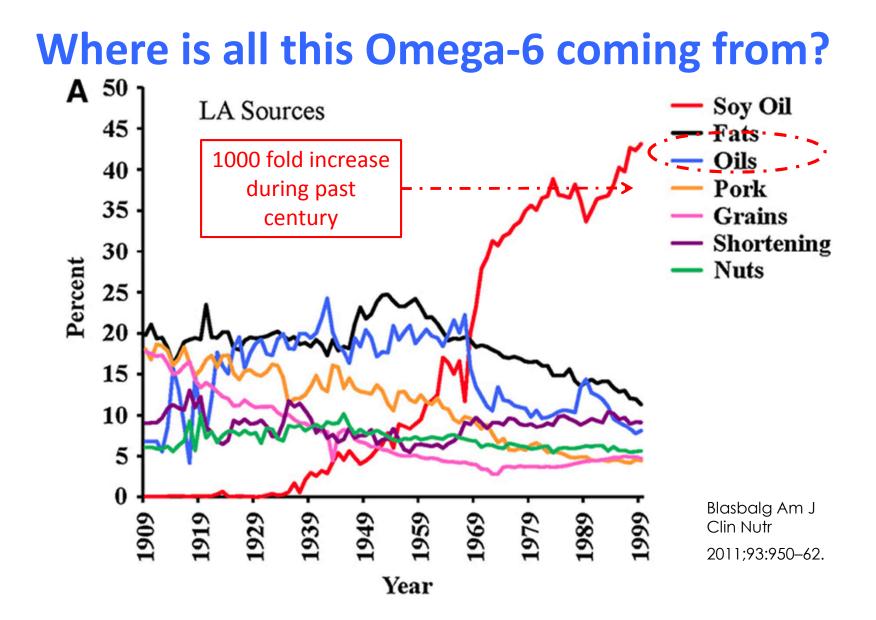
Seafood Consumption: 0.125 Seafood Waste: 0.2 Reduction Fisheries: 0.205

Source: GOED analysis of FAO and USDA data

What do EPA, DHA and LA look like?







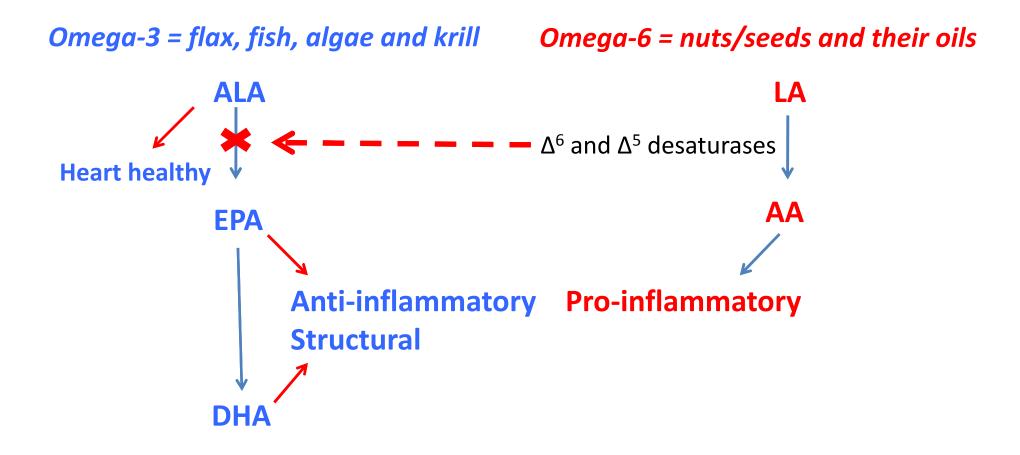
Omega-3 vs Omega-6

Omega-3: Helps switch **OFF** inflammation Helps the body make important metabolites



Omega-6 Fatty Acids: Turns **ON** Inflammation Large amounts in Vegetable Oils (Fried Foods) Essential fatty acids, but we consume too much

What Is Their Fate in Our Body?



The public health **impact** of low EPA/ DHA intakes is **Severe**

Annual US Deaths Preventable from Changes in Dietary Factors

Heart Disease Deaths

from Low EPA and DHA

Intakes

84,000

Alcohol Use 64,000 Low PUFA & High SFA Intakes

15,000

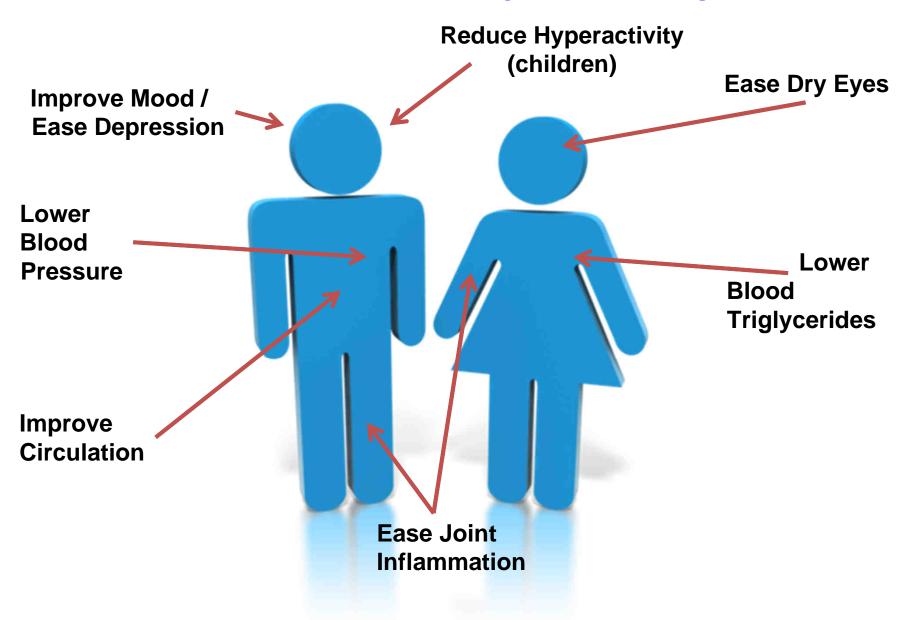
Low Intakes of Fruits and Vegetables 58,000

High Sodium Intakes 102,000

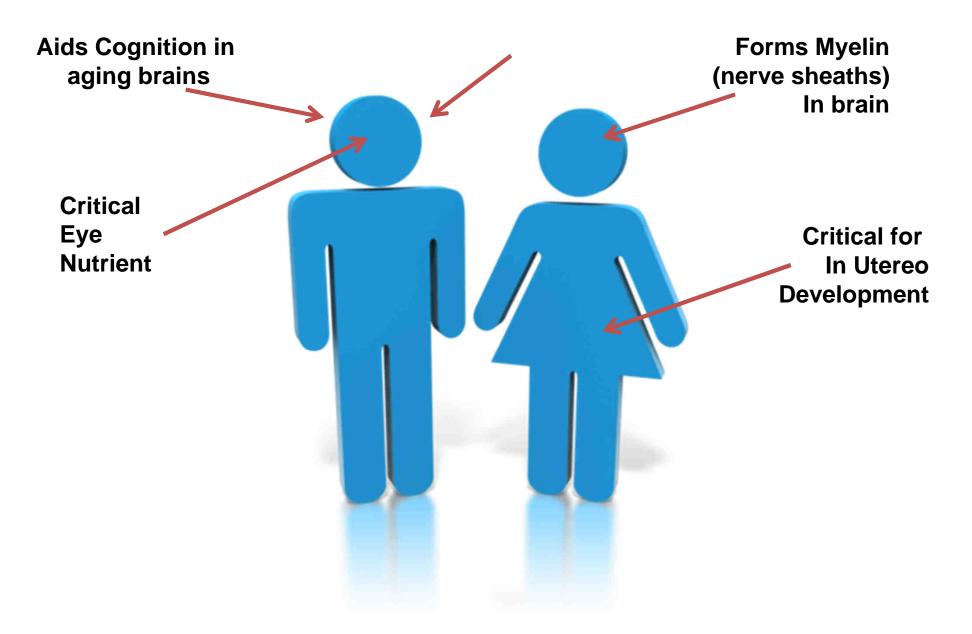
High Trans Fat Intakes 82,000

Source: Danaei et al. (2010) PLoS Med

How does EPA help the body?



How does DHA help the body?



Countries with established RDIs for EPA & DHA Intake

Country	Amount
Japan & Korea	>1000mg
France	500mg
Norway	450mg
Denmark, Finland, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom	250mg
Australia & NZ	160mg

It's no surprise that the US has 20x more Sudden Cardiac Deaths than Japan, where Fish Omega-3 consumption is high.

[Harris WS and von Schacky. Prev Med 2004;39:212-220. Itomura, in vivo 2008;22:131-136.]

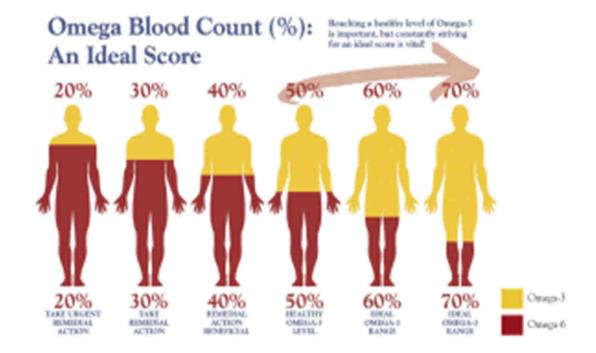
Intake Recommendations of leading health organizations

Organization	Target	Amount of EPA + DHA
American Dietetic Assn.	general adult population	500mg EPA + DHA / day
American Heart Association	Adults with documented cardiovascular heart disease	1000mg/day
American Heart Association	Adults with high triglycerides	2000-4000mg/day
American Psychiatric Assn.	General population	Fish >2 times per week
American Psychiatric Assn.	Patients with mood, impulse- control, or psychotic disorders	1000-9000mg / day
World Assn. Of Perinatal Medicine	Pregnant and Lactating Women	200mg DHA /day

Source: The Omega-3 Handbook by Gretchen Vannice, MS RD , 2011

My Omega Blood Test









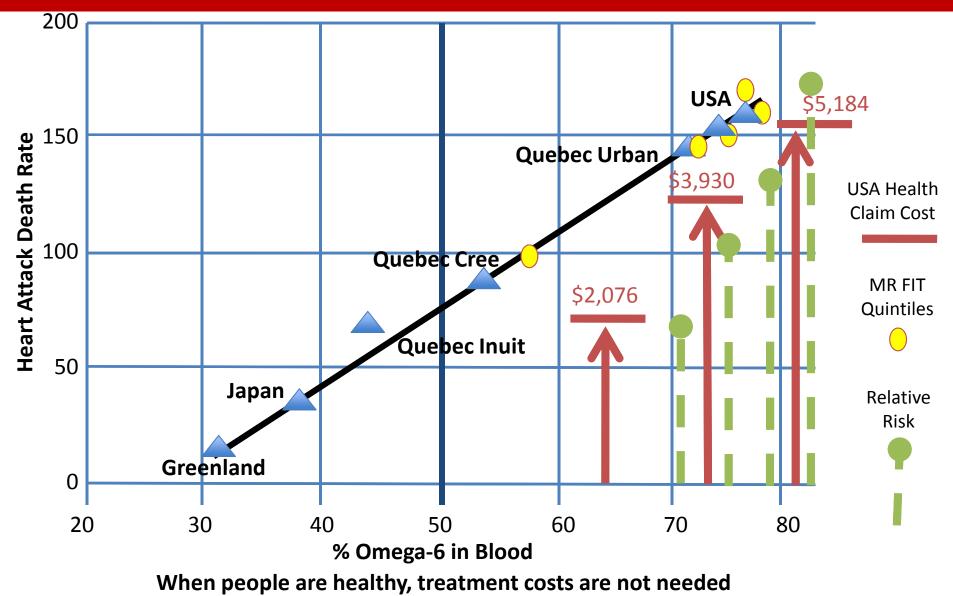
The amount of EPA/DHA needed to achieve 50% tissue concentration

Relative to the amount of omega-6 in the diet.....

	% Tissue Target for EPA and DHA	Omega -6 (LA) % total energy	Amount of EPA/DHA Needed (mg)
Philippines	50	0.80	133
Netherlands	50	4.23	1111
USA	50	8.91	2178

Adapted Hibbeln et al. Am J Clin Nutr 2006;83(suppl):1483S-93S.

% Tissue Omega-6, Coronary Heart Disease Mortality and Health Claim Costs



Eat More Fish!

Omega-3 content in a 4oz portion (100g) of common fish species

Species	EPA + DHA mg
Wild Herring	1500-2000mg
Salmon (wild or Farmed)	1000-1500mg
Oysters or Mussels	500-1000mg
Alaskan Pollock	200-500mg
Canned Light Tuna	250-500mg
Scallops, Shrimp, and Lobster	<200mg
Tilapia	100mg

http://seafoodhealthfacts.org/seafood_nutrition/practitioners/omega3_content.php

Thank you!

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